Numb. 8199.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday February 19. to Tuesday February 22. 1742.

Petersbourg, January 25.

BY Advices from the Governors of Kiſlar and Aſtracan we learn, that Schach Nadyr has withdrawn his Forces from the Frontiers; from whence it is concluded that he has laid aſide the Thoughts of attacking this Empire.

Tranſlation of the Petition of the Princes of Dagheſtan, delivered to the Commandant Veſir Lieutenant General Taraconoff, in the Month of December laſt.

OUR moſt humble Petition conſiſts in what follows. All the Dagheſtans having been informed of your Arrival in our Neighbourhood, with the Army of her Imperial Majeſty under your Command, for the Defence of the Fortreſs of Kiſlarskoy. It is a great while, ſince the Princes of Andrieve, of Koſlecove, of Ibacan, and other neighbouring Commanders, who lie upon the Frontiers of her Imperial Majeſty, have expected with Impatience a General like you. We have therefore ſent our Deputies and Plenipotentiaries to prevail on your Excellency, in our Name and that of our Nations, to intreat her Imperial Majeſty, to be pleaſed to take us under her powerful Protection, and to condeſcend to receive us into the Number of her moſt dutiful Subjects, we having taken a firm and unanimous Reſolution, to remain for ever hereafter under the Shadow of her Imperial Mantle; and we will never deſire any other Sovereign, at the Risk of all Accidents and Dangers. We and all our Nations deſire hereby to live always in perfect Submiſſion to her Imperial Majeſty, and to take for that Purpoſe the Oath of Fidelity to her. Whereto we add our moſt humble Requeſt, that we may be defended againſt our Enemies, and that our Petition may be granted.

The above Requeſt was moſt graciouſly complied with, and the neceſſary Inſtruments were made out accordingly.

Liſt of the Army of the ſaid Nations.	*Men.*
Of Han Achmet Uſmea —— ——	12000
Of the Abarzou —— —— ——	13000
Of Han Schounketinsko Bek Achmet —	2700
Of the Diſtricts of Kanschoukoulsky —	8000
Of the Diſtricts of Kounbentsky ——	3000
Of Adi —— —— ——	5000
Of Bahul and of Kelansky —— ——	7000
Of Karake —— ——	7500
Of the Diſtrict of Kourskiskum ——	500
Of Kouli —— —— ——	2000
Of Hedat —— —— —— —	4000
Of Quiad —— —— —— —	1000
Of Nourad —— —— —— —	1000
	66700

[Price Two-pence.]

Vienna, Feb. 16. Some Letters from the Army mention, that the French were abandoning the Iſſer; General Brown had been detached to diſlodge them from Deckendorff; the whole Army had Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march: They were in good Condition, and had Plenty of every Thing; the Horſe want but 3000 Men to be compleat, and Recruits are daily ſending for the Foot; Bohemia furniſhes 7200, Moravia 2500, and what remains of Sileſia 500. Prince Lobcowitz, who is at Neubourg, finds a great deal of Subſiſtance in the Upper Palatinate: Egra continues cloſely blocked; the Garriſon conſiſts of 1200 Men; they made a Sally lately with 150 Horſe, but were attacked by the Huſſars, who killed 40, and took 33 Priſoners: On the other hand we have an Account, that Count Saxe had taken Priſoners 200 of our Huſſars, with a Lieutenant Colonel. Count Altheim is juſt arrived from Italy, with the News that Count Traun having been attack'd by the Spaniards on the 8th Inſtant, had beat them back, with the Loſs of 4000 of their Men, over the Panaro.

Copy of a Letter from Mantua, Feb. 13.

AN important Blow hath at length been ſtruck in Italy. M. de Gages having, in purſuance of the Queen of Spain's Orders, determined upon paſſing the Panaro, his Excellency General Count Traun, by an Eſtafette he received only 24 Hours before hand, had happily Notice of that ſudden March, and of the Surprize that was intended; whereupon his Excellency, in Concert with Count d'Apremont the King of Sardinia's General, cauſed nineteen Eſtafettes and Couriers on Horſeback to be diſpatched the ſame Night; by which Means almoſt all the Troops were collected together in Time. The Enemy having accordingly paſſed the Panaro very haſtily, we, on our Side likewiſe, ranged ourſelves in Order of Battle, to wait the Attack. The Enemy had formed a Deſign of putting 2000 choſen Men of their Cavalry into the Centre of their Army, which, according to their Plan, was to have broken through and fallen upon our Rear; but General Traun obſerving this, ordered our Grenadiers, under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Count Colloredo, to face their Horſe. On the Right Wing, Traun, Wallis, Roth, Miglio, Berlichingen, Juilay, Huſſars; on the Left Wing, Picolomini, Diesback, Teutſchmeiſter; and the reſt as uſual. At length, on Wedneſday the 8th Inſtant, about Ten o'Clock at Night, the Action begun: The Enemy made the firſt Attack upon our Right Wing with extraordinary Fury, which, by Favour of the Moon, continued till Two in the Morning, with Heat and Obſtinacy on both Sides, and without either Party being willing to yield to the other, till at laſt, by God's

God's Aſſiſtance, and that of our valiant Generals, Officers and Soldiers, who ſought like Lions, the Enemy having been put in Confuſion, was forced to abandon the Field of Battle, and betake themſelves to Flight. It may eaſily be conceived how we, with our Artillery and Horſe, accompanied them in their Retreat, and in repaſſing the Bridge; however, to report Things juſtly, it muſt be confeſs'd that they behaved well, ſince Wallis and Roth ſuffered conſiderably, as well as Miglio and Berlichingen. One Thing, deſerving of Regret, is, that our valiant Lieutenant General Field Marſhal Count de Beyersberg received eleven Wounds, ſome of which are very dangerous ones. He arrived here to-day with General Ciceri, who is likewiſe wounded. The firſt Wounds which Beyersberg received, gave no Check to his Spirit; he ſtill fell furiouſly upon the Enemy, but was after ſome Time thrown from his Horſe by a Wound in his Head, where, after coming to himſelf, he ſtill fought Sword in Hand, and killed more than one of the Spaniards, till at laſt, being overpower'd, he was taken Priſoner, and very ill-treated. The Regiment of Miglio has loſt its Kettle Drums, and Berlichingen three Standards. The Savoyards being put to Flight, his Excellency Count Traun immediately cauſed Te Deum to be ſung upon the Field of Battle, and diſpatched the Colonel Count d'Altheim, Adjutant-General, with the firſt News thereof to Vienna; and this Day Count Colloredo with a compleat Relation, is alſo ſent. The Advices we receive ſay, that the Enemy retires precipitately towards the Romagna. They expect a Succour of 7000 Men, and we the ſame. There are to the Number of 36 Officers and 5000 Soldiers of the Enemy killed. We have made upwards of one Battallion, about 700 Men, and 20 Field Officers Priſoners, and our Cavalry is ſtill bringing in more. On our Side, and on the Part of the Piedmonteſe, there may have been about 1200 Men killed and wounded; the Colonels Tſcherer, of the Regiment of Traun, Toxat, of that of Teutſmeiſter, Major Marz, Count Senau de Praſenberg, of Roth's, are of the Number of the Dead. There is ſtill a greater Number kill'd and wounded of the Regiments of Wallis, Roth and Traun. The General Field Marſhal Commander in Chief had two Horſes ſhot under him, the Legs of both having been carried off by Cannon Balls. In a Word, the Action was hot and bloody.

Hague, Feb. 26.

The following Relation of what paſſed in the late Action upon the Panaro, is handed about here, as the Account tranſmitted by the Spaniſh General to the Miniſters of that Crown at Foreign Courts.

AFTER that the Army of his Catholick Majeſty had paſſed the Panaro, and made itſelf Maſter of Campo Santo and Finale, we continued our March, having detached 400 Horſe to Bondeno, from whence the Auſtrian Garriſon withdrew towards Revere, the ſaid Horſe with ſome Michelets having taken there 2000 Sacks of Corn and Meal, with the whole Cloathing, Arms, Utenſils and Equipage of two Regiments, and from thence retired, with the ſaid Booty, to Campo Santo, in which Poſt the Spaniſh Army remained, Yeſterday the 8th, under Arms the whole Day; and our Commander in Chief, M. de Gages, having three Times offered Battle to the Enemy, it was at laſt accepted by them, they having by that Time got together all their Troops from their ſeveral Garriſons. The firſt Attack began at Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and laſted till Eleven, with the Fire of the Artillery from either Side; and the Duke d'Atriſco, with the Carabineirs and Dragoons of the Queen, came up with the Left Wing of the Enemy and entirely broke their Cavalry. The Cannonading being then ended, the Engagement with Small Arms began, and laſted till Two in the Morning; our Troops continued Fighting with inexpreſſible Valour, and repulſed the Enemy, made themſelves Maſters of the Field of Battle, took four Pieces of Cannon, nail'd up two, took four Standards, five Colours, four Kettle Drums, and took Priſoners of War three Lieutenant Generals, Ciceri, Payersberg, and Apremont, who remain'd wounded, the two former being allowed to go to Modena to take Care of their Wounds. Many other Officers, and about 900 Soldiers, were made Priſoners. The Action was extremely bloody and obſtinate, in as much as 5000 Men were left dead on the Field of Battle, the Enemy having withdrawn to Buon Porto, and other neighbouring Places. On our Part we reckon, between killed and wounded, about 2500. This Morning the 9th, at break of Day, M. de Gages repaſſed the Panaro with his whole Army, Artillery and Baggage, and having burnt the two Bridges over the ſaid River, took his March towards St. Giovani, where we are this Night. There is no doubt but the Enemy, in the Midſt of their great Loſs, according to the Circumſtances already mentioned, will give out every where, that we loſt the Field of Battle; than which Nothing can be more falſe, ſince we remained upon it the whole Night, and were able, without the leaſt Diſturbance, to carry off all our Artillery, and every Thing elſe belonging to us, not having had it in our Power to continue longer in that Poſt for Want of Subſiſtance. We did not loſe any one General Officer; but the Brigadier Duke d'Arcos, Major General Count de Souſe, Lieutenant General Macdonald, and Major General Carvajal, were ſlightly wounded.

Whitehall, Feb. 18, 1742-3

Whereas in the Night between the Firſt and Second Inſtant, ſeveral Deer were ſtolen out of the Park of Charles Gore, Eſq; at Tring, in the County of Hertford, and ſeveral others were found dead the next Morning in the ſaid Park: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons who committed the ſaid Crime, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the Perſons concerned therein, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof. HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

And as a farther Encouragement, the ſaid Charles Gore, Eſq; does hereby promiſe a Reward of Fifty Pounds to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, to be paid upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders. Charles Gore.

The Court of Aſſiſtants of the Ruſſia Company give Notice, That the Annual General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at Salters Hall in Swithen's-Lane, Cannon-ſtreet, on Tueſday the 1ſt Day of March next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, for the Election of a Governor, Conſuls, Aſſiſtants, and other Officers for the Year enſuing.

Eaſt-

East India House, Feb. 18, 1742.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East Indies, do hereby give Notice, That the Transfer Books of the said Company will be shut up on Thursday the 10th of March next, at Two o' Clock; That a Quarterly General Court will be holden at their House in Leadenhall-street on Wednesday the 23d of the said Month, at Eleven in the Forenoon; That the Lists of the Members of the said Company will be ready to be delivered at the said House on Thursday the 24th of the said Month; That a General Court will be holden at the said House on Wednesday the 6th of April next, for the Election of Twenty Four Directors for the Year ensuing; which will continue from Nine in the Morning till Six in the Afternoon of the same Day; after which Time no Lists will be taken in. And that the Transfer Books of the said Company will be opened on Thursday the 7th of the said Month of April.

General Post-Office, London, Jan. 15, 1742

POST CHAISES between London and Harwich.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post masters on the Road between London and Harwich, are ready to furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with Post Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, with a Lamp to give sufficient Light in dark Nights, upon as short Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either in the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the Essex Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Roberts, Post-master, at the Black Bull in White-Chapel.

N. B. A Post Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Harwich Road, to go Part or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those that do not chuse to travel in the Night.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

General Post Office, London, July 3, 1742

Whereas divers Persons, thro' Ignorance or Carlesness, frequently put Letters into the General Post Offices, and the Receiving Houses both in Town and Country, directed on board of Ships, and to Foreign Parts, without paying at the same Time the Postage, as ought to be done; And whereas Letters and Packets are often put into the said Offices with Money and Rings inclosed, and in Fraud of his Majesty's Revenue, divers Person presume to send Letters with false and counterfeit Franks.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that no Letters under any of the Circumstances aforesaid have any Right by Law to be forwarded.

Note, That Letters going out of Great Britain (except to France, Holland, and Flanders) have by the ancient Usage of this Office paid the Foreign Postage, and are required by the Act of Parliament so to do, at the Office in Great Britain where the same are first put in.

Note also, That if such Letters to Foreign Parts are put into any of the Country Offices, the Inland Postage of such Letters to London must also be paid on putting the same into such Office.

By Command of the Post Master General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

Advertisements.

NOtice is hereby given, pursuant to the late Statute concerning Hue and Cry, That on Thursday the 3d of February instant, between the Hours of One and Two in the Afternoon, Edward Allen, Son and Servant of William Allen of Bury St. Edmunds in the County of Suffolk, Brewer, in the Common Highway leading from Bury St. Edmunds aforesaid, to Knetishall in the County aforesaid, near a certain Place called Cunney Weston Brush, in the Parish of Cunney Weston and the Hundred of Blackborne, in the said County of Suffolk, was assaulted and robbed by one Man on Horseback unknown to the said Edward Allen, who then and there took from the said Edward Allen certain Monies, to wit, two Pieces of Portugal Gold, of the Value of One Pound Sixteen Shillings each; Five Guineas, and Four Pounds and one Shilling in Silver, the Property of the said William Allen, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Twelve Pounds eighteen Shillings: Which said Man seemed to be about Five Feet eight Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, wearing a light colour'd Wig, a dark colour'd close breasted Great Coat, a dark colour'd Coat under it set with Brass Buttons, and riding on a bright Bay Horse, Mare or Gelding about Fifteen Hands high, with a Star on the Forehead.

PUrsuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of William Bave, late of the City of Bristol, Gent. deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery-lane, London, Two Water Corn Grist Mills, with the Appurtenances, called the Priory Mills, and a Dwelling-house, Stable and Garden adjoining to the said Mills, in the Parish of St. Thomas in Haverford West, in the County of Pembroke, held by Lease for 99 Years, commencing from Lady Day, 1729, at the yearly Rent of 15 l. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, Several Freehold Messuages or Tenements and Ground, in the Parishes of St. George the Martyr and St. Olave's Southwark, late the Estate of Richard March, Esq; deceased, subject to a Term of Years, which will expire on the 18th of February 1750, of the yearly Value of 258 l. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Chancery-Lane.

WHereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Brand, of Wivelisombe, in the County of Somerset, Mercer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 3d, and 10th of March next, at Three o' Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Atkey, called Atkey's Coffee house situate in the Serge Market in the City of Exon, and on the 5th of April next, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Ambrose Beedle, known by the Sign of the Bell Inn in Wivelisombe aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William Williams, Attorney, in Exon.

WHereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against James Colquhoun and Walter Colquhoun, of the City of Norwich, Dealers and Chapmen, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 2d and 12th of March next, and on the 5th of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examinations, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Ryder, at his House in Hatton Garden, or at No. 3. in Essex Court in the Temple.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Powell, of Cheapside, London, Hosier, intend to meet on the 16th Day of March next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Anthony Bradley, of Hallfield in the County of Derby, Cheese Factor and Timber-Merchant, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Anthony Bradley hath in all things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 15th of March next.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*, 1742.